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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/010,646	11/13/2001	Xiaofeng Han	980.1076US01	4858
38846	7590 03/30/2005		EXAMINER	
CARLSON, CASPERS, VANDENBURGH & LINDQUIST 225 SO. 6TH STREET			LEE, HWA S	
SUITE 3200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MPIS, MN	55402		2877	
			DATE MAILED: 03/30/2005	:

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				H'H			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	., .,			
Office Action Summary		10/010,646	HAN ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Andrew Hwa S. Lee	2877				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apported to the communication apport.	pears on the cover she	et with the correspondence add	iress			
THE - External after - If the - If NO - Failthe	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reploure to reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, n by within the statutory minimum will apply and will expire SIX (6 e, cause the application to beco	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mmunication.			
Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27 J	anuary 2005.		:			
, —	<u> </u>	s action is non-final.					
,—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4) <u>⊠</u>	Claim(s) <u>1-14 and 18-37</u> is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) <u>20-37</u> is/are allowed.		ı.				
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-14,18 and 19</u> is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requiremen	t.				
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) objecte	d to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in at	peyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E.						
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureatee the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received ts have been received prity documents have l u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in Application No been received in this National	Stage			
Attachmer	nt(s)						
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		view Summary (PTO-413)				
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08		r No(s)/Mail Date e of Informal Patent Application (PTC)-152)			
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Othe					

Application/Control Number: 10/010,646 Page 2

Art Unit: 2877

DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

This office action is in response to the applicant's amendment of 2/2/05. By the amendment, claims 1-14 and 18-37 are now pending. Claim 20 has been amended. New claim 37 has been added.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 1-14, and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chen et al (US 6,459,487).

Chen et al (Chen hereinafter) shows a system and method for fabricating components of precise optical path length comprising:

a first birefringent element (34) oriented to split the polarized input light beam into a first polarized beam and a second polarized beam having a polarization direction different to a polarization direction of the first beam;

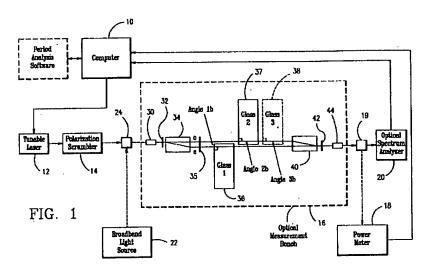
a second birefringent element (40) oriented to combine the first and second polarized beams into an output beam; and

Application/Control Number: 10/010,646

Art Unit: 2877

a polarization sensitive detection unit (42, 44, 18, and 20) disposed to detect a selected polarization of the output beam.

wherein the first birefringent element is oriented to receive the polarized input light beam alone a z-direction, a y-direction is defined perpendicular to the z-direction and at 45 degrees to the polarization direction of the polarized input light, an x direction is defined orthogonal to both the y-direction and the z-direction and the first birefringent element has an optical axis lying at a selected angle Θ relative to the z-direction in the y-z plane defined by the y-direction and the z-direction, the second birefringent element having an optical axis lying at the negative of the selected angle $-\Theta$ relative to the z-direction in the y-z plane defined by the y-direction and the z-direction.



Chen does not expressly say that the first and second polarized beams have a polarization direction that is orthogonal to each other.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the polarization direction of the first beam orthogonal to the polarization direction of the second beam. Chen teaches that one beam is e polarized and the other beam is o polarized and

Art Unit: 2877

that a ½ waveplate is used to rotate the polarization of one of the beams by 90 degrees in order combine the beams thus suggesting to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the e polarization orthogonal to the o polarization. Please see column 6, lines 6-13.

As for claim 2, Chen shows a light source (12 and 22) disposed to transmit the polarized input light beam to the first birefringent element.

As for claim 3, Chen shows that the light source (12) is a laser thus inherently producing a polarized beam and furthermore, Chen uses a polarization descrambler (30) to scramble the polarized beam and then uses a polarizer (32) to polarize the depolarized beam, thus suggesting to one of ordinary skill in the art that the descrambling the polarizing cleans the polarization of the beam.

As for **claim 4**, Chen shows the light source (22) includes a light generator that generates an unpolarized output, the unpolarized output passing through a polarizer (32) to produce the polarized input light beam.

As for **claim 5**, Chen shows a broadband light source (22).

As for claim 6, Chen shows a laser (12).

As for **claim 7**, Chen shows a tunable laser (12).

As for **claim 8**, Chen shows a controller (computer 10) coupled to control operation of the at least one of the light source and the detector unit.

As for **claim 9**, Chen shows that the computer has an analyzer unit coupled to the detector unit to record an output from the detector unit (column 6, lines 37-41 and column 7, lines 6-18).

As for **claim 10**, Chen shows an interface unit connected to the controller and couplable to a computer (column 5, lines 48+).

As for claim 11, Chen shows a polarizer (42) to select the selected polarization of the output beam from the second birefringent element.

As for claim 18, Chen shows the first and second polarized beams are spatially separated by the first birefringent element so that the first polarized beam does not overlap the second polarized beam between the first and second birefringent elements (please see figure 1).

As for **claim 19**, Chen shows the first and second birefringent elements are separated along a direction parallel to a propagation direction of the first and second beams so as to leave a gap between the first and second birefringent elements (please see figure 1).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 20-37 allowed for reasons argued by Applicant.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 1-11, and 18-19 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In the instance with Chen, the birefringent elements are shown to be rotated 180 degrees about their optical axis with respect to each other, and in the instant where the first one is positioned at 90 degrees, the other birefringent element would be at -90 degrees, thus meeting the limitation that one is at Θ , the other is at $-\Theta$.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew Hwa S. Lee whose telephone number is 571-272-2419. The examiner can normally be reached on Tue-Fr.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gregory J. Toatley Jr. can be reached on 571-272-2800 ext 77. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/010,646 Page 7

Art Unit: 2877

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Andrew H. S. Lee

Examiner

Art Unit 2877